

LONG TERM FINACIAL PLAN POLICY

Date Approved: 24 May 2024

Council Resolution (DC No): B.3

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1. ABBREVIATIONS DEFINITIONS

Basic municipal service: A municipal service that is necessary to ensure an acceptable and reasonable quality of life and which, if not provided, would endanger public health or safety or the environment;

BSC: Budget Steering Committee, a committee established to provide technical assistance to the Mayor in discharging the responsibilities set out in section 53 of the MFMA; **Budget-related policy:** A policy of a municipality affecting or affected by the annual budget of the municipality, including—

- (a) the tariffs policy which the municipality must adopt in terms of section 74 of the Municipal Systems Act;
- (b) the credit control and debt collection policy which the municipality must adopt in terms of section 96 of the Municipal Systems Act;

IDP: Integrated Development Plan;

LTFP: Long Term Financial Plan;

Long-term debt: Debt repayable over a period exceeding one year;

MBRR: Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations;

MFMA: Municipal Finance Management Act No 56 of 2003;

MTREF: Medium Term Revenue and Expenditure Framework, as prescribed by the

MFMA. It sets out indicative revenue and projected expenditure for the budget year, plus two outer financial years;

Municipal tariff: A tariff for services which a municipality may set for the provision of a service;

National Treasury: National Treasury established by section 5 of the Public Finance Management Act;

Short Term: Refers to a period up to 1 (one) year;

Medium Term: Refers to a period between 2 (two) and 3 (three) years;

Long Term: Refers to any period longer than 3 (three) years.

2. INTRODUCTION

- 2.1 The Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act No 56 of 2003 (MFMA) has instituted various financial reform measures. Sound financial management practices have been identified as essential to the long-term sustainability of municipalities. In this regard the MFMA necessitates that municipality's must have a policy related to a Long Term Financial Plan (LTFP).
- 2.2 A municipality's financial plan integrates the financial relationships of various revenue and expenditure streams to give effect to the Integrated Development Plan (IDP). It provides guidance for the development of current budgets and assesses financial impacts on outer years' budgets by incorporating capital expenditure outcomes, operating expenditure trends, optimal asset management plans and the consequential impact on tariffs and other service charges.
- 2.3 A municipality's long term financial model aims to determine the appropriate mix of parameters and assumptions within which the municipality should operate to facilitate budgets which are affordable and sustainable at least 5 years into the future. In addition, it identifies the consequential financial impact of planned capital projects on the municipality's operational budget.

3 PURPOSE

The policy aims to ensure that all long-term financial planning is based on a structured and consistent methodology thereby ensuring long-term financial affordability and sustainability.

4. GUIDING PRINCIPLES

- (a) Future financial sustainability;
- (b) Optimal collection of revenue, taking into consideration the socio economic environment:
- (c) Optimal utilisation of grant funding;
- (d) Continuous improvement and expansion in the service delivery framework, and
- (e) Prudent financial strategies.

5. ROLE PLAYERS AND STAKEHOLDERS

The following role players will ensure that the LTFP is implemented in accordance with the prescribed legislative requirements and Council processes.

5.1 Chief Financial Officer

- (a) Responsible for the preparation and the compilation of the LTFP;
- (b) Responsible for overall oversight;
- (c) Present long term financial plan outcome to the Budget Steering Committee;
- (d) Review Policy and Strategy, in consultation with relevant stakeholders, to ensure maximum compliance in terms of legislation.
- 5.2 Departments
- (a) Responsible for providing reasons on past performance outcomes;
- (b) Responsible for providing information to Chief Financial Officer to update the financial plan;
- (c) Required to identify revenue and expenditure plans for both operating and capital

budgets for at least 3 years;

- (d) Required to make recommendations on future service delivery matters.
- 5.3 Budget Steering Committee
- (a) Responsible for providing strategic guidance on matters relevant to the long term financial plan;
- (b) Responsible for endorsing the projected MTREF assumptions and parameters contemplated by the LTFP.

6. **REGULATORY CONTEXT**

- 6.1 Section 17 (3) of the MFMA states that "when an annual budget is tabled it must be accompanied by, amongst others, "any proposed amendments to the budget-related policies of the municipality".
- 6.2 Section 21 of the MFMA states that the mayor of a municipality must at least 10 months before the start of the budget year, table in the municipal council a time schedule outlining key deadlines for, amongst others:
- (i) the annual review of—
- (aa) the integrated development plan in terms of section 34 of the Municipal Systems

 Act;
- (bb) the budget-related policies;
- (ii) the tabling and adoption of any amendments to the integrated development plan and the budget-related policies; and
- (iii) any consultative processes forming part of the processes referred to in subparagraphs (i and (ii).
- 6.3 Section 7 (1) of the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003, Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations, 2009 (MBRR) states that:
- "the Municipal Manager of a municipality must prepare, or take all reasonable steps to ensure the preparation of budget-related policies of the municipality, or any necessary amendments to such policies, in accordance with the legislation applicable to those policies for tabling in the municipal council by the applicable deadline specified by the mayor in terms of section 21 (1)(b) of the MFMA".

- 6.4 Section 7 (1) reference (1) of the MBRR, further states that "as defined in section 1 of the MFMA. Policies that affect or are affected by the annual budget of a municipality include .. "(g) a policy related to the long term financial plan".
- 6.5 Section 4 (1) of the MBRR states "that the mayor of a municipality must establish a budget steering committee to provide technical
- assistance to the mayor in discharging the responsibilities set out in section 53 of the MFMA".
- 6.6 Section 26 (h) of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000 (MSA) states that "An Integrated Development Plan must reflect a financial plan, which must include a budget projection for at least the next three years".

7. POLICY DIRECTIVE DETAILS

7.1 Financial strategies.

An intrinsic feature of the LTFP is to give effect to the municipality's financial strategies. These strategies include:

- (a) Increasing funding for asset maintenance and renewal;
- (b) Continuous improvement to the financial position;
- (c) Ensuring affordable debt levels to fund the capital budget;
- (d) Maintaining fair, equitable and affordable tariff increase;
- (e) Maintaining or improving basic municipal services;
- (f) Achieving and maintaining a breakeven/surplus Operating budget; and
- (g) Ensuring full cost recovery for the provision of internal services.

7.2 Non-financial strategies

The LTFP is a key component for achieving the goals listed in the IDP of the Municipality.

The LTFP must consider the following non – financial strategic strategies:

- (a) The Municipality's Strategic Focus Areas;
- (b) Infrastructure growth strategies; and
- (c) The Municipality's Spatial Development Framework.
- 7.3 Preparation of the LTFP
- 7.3.1 The LTFP process should commence by latest June of each year.
- 7.3.2 The LTFP should consider the fiscal overview by reviewing past financial

- performance, projection of long-term financial outlook and financing and funding arrangements. The following matters should be considered annually:
- (a) Revising the long-term financial plan for events that may have impacted during the recent past;
- (b) Assessing the outcomes and achievements of the past few years' financial performance as per the audited financial statements;
- (c) Reviewing the financial objective and assumptions;
- (d) Reviewing the past and summarise long term financial outlook;
- (e) Assess the current overall financial position and liquidity situation;
- (f) Identify any financial challenges and constraints;
- (g) Identifying strategies to deal with the challenges, and to maintain financial viability and capacity to sustain services;
- (h) Identify overall funding mix and implications for own revenue and external funding; and
- (i) Assess compliance with the MFMA and other relevant legislation.
- 7.3.3 The LTFP is prepared in an uncertain environment. It is therefore required to make certain assumptions. Assumptions on the following internal and external factors must be made:
- (a) Reviewing the external factors (e.g. population migration, employment, health, roads, development of businesses and the Garden Route region);
- (b) General inflation outlook and its impact on the municipal activities;
- (c) Credit rating outlook;
- (d) Interest rates for borrowing and investment of funds;
- (e) Tariffs and charges, and timing of revenue collection;
- (f) Collection rates for each revenue source;
- (g) Price movements on specifics e.g. fuel etc.
- (h) Average salary increases;
- (i) Industrial relations climate, reorganisation and capacity building;
- (j) Trends in population and households (growth, decline, stable);
- (k) Changing demand characteristics (demand for services);
- (I) Impact of national, provincial and local policies;

- (m) Ability of the municipality to spend and deliver on programmes; and
- (n) Implications of restructuring and other major events into the future.
- 7.3.4 Intergovernmental fiscal transfers/allocations from National and Provincial government play a pivotal role in the finances of the Municipality. The following unconditional transfers/allocations must be considered, as a minimum, when projecting the budget:
- (a) Local Government Equitable Share; and
- (b) Grants related to the provision of Provincial government functions.
- 7.4 The Municipality's LTFP model and scenario planning:
- 7.4.1 The Municipality's financial model gives effect to the LTFP. It enables the forecasting of the operating and capital budgets for at least 5 years into the future. The model embodies National Treasury's budget preparation guidelines, drawing on assumptions and parameters to forecast the operating budget.
- 7.4.2 Strategic initiatives should be prioritised and quantified to be included in the financial model.
- 7.4.3 The financial forecasting model must be updated using the fiscal overview, assumption and intergovernmental fiscal transfers/allocations information to identify immediate opportunities and/or risks.
- 7.4.4 The medium and long-term financial viability should be evaluated.
- 7.4.5 Re-iterative scenario planning should be executed to ensure optimum use of resources to cater for strategic initiatives.
- 7.4.6 To identify the optimum balance between revenue collection and municipal spending the following should be taken into account:
- (a) The impact each scenario has on the financial sustainability and affordability of the Municipality;
- (b) Whether scenarios are realistic in terms of revenue projections;
- (c) Potential revenue enhancement strategies which may have a long-term impact on the revenue base of the Municipality;

- (d) Potential cost saving mechanisms related to strategic initiatives; and
- (e) The impact of infrastructure investments and maintenance programs on futurer evenue streams.
- 7.4.7 Presentations on scenarios should be presented to the BSC as may be requested.
- 7.4.8 BSC should endorse the final MTREF scenario inclusive of assumptions and parameters annually by latest January.
- 7.5 The annual updated LTFP should identify the following:
- 7.5.1 Assumptions and parameters to be used to compile the Operating and Capitalbudgets over the next MTREF;
- 7.5.2 Future operating revenue and expenditure projections based on assumptions and parameters;
- 7.5.3 Future affordability of projected Capital Plans;
- 7.5.4 The level of infrastructure development required to achieve the Municipal priorities, within the funding restrictions; and
- 7.5.5 External funding requirements in respect of long term debt.
- 7.6 Implementation of the LTFP
- 7.6.1 The annual updated LTFP should provide the parameters and assumptions forthe compilation of the operating and capital budgets for the next MTREF.
- **7.6.2** This information should be provided to the departments by latest January of each year.

8. EVALUATION AND REVIEW

- 8.1 This policy shall be implemented once approved by Council.
- 8.2 This policy must be reviewed on an annual basis.
- 8.3 Changes in financial strategy, non financial strategic strategies and legislationmust be taken into account for future amendments to this policy.
- 8.4 Any amendments must be tabled to Council for approval as part of the budgetprocess.